

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2003.

Residents of Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District

Characteristics of Admission

In FY 2003, there were 115,896 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 2.6% (3,059) of these admissions reside in the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District. 2% (64) of admission from the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District were under 17 years of age. **Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services.** In FY2003, admissions to substance abuse treatment service from the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District reported the following characteristics:

- 72% were male and 28% were female.
- 62% were between the ages of 21-39.
- 68% were white non-Latino, 4% were black non-Latino, 22% were Latino and 6% were other racial categories.
- 67% were never married, 12% were married, and 21% reported not to be married now.
- 40% had less than high school education, 44% completed high school, and 16% had more than high school education.
- 20% were employed.
- 21% were homeless.
- 25% had prior mental health treatment.

Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients also identify a “primary drug” of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District.

Table 1					
Primary Drug by District and State FY 2003					
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack
District	30%	58%	5%	3%	2%
State	43%	38%	6%	4%	4%

Substances Used in Past Year

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as ‘polydrug’ or ‘polysubstance’ use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, as well as the prevalence of injection drug users (or IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1995 – FY 2003 Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District							
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU
FY '95	2,939	2,200	810	1,153	949	1,272	784
FY '96	2,753	2,145	766	984	769	1,245	815
FY '97	3,045	2,228	886	1,026	759	1,540	1,118
FY '98	3,209	2,212	889	1,014	614	1,878	1,315
FY '99	3,481	2,401	1,084	1,102	626	1,927	1,462
FY '00	3,310	2,218	933	1,028	488	1,897	1,498
FY '01	3,441	2,173	955	1,055	459	2,035	1,485
FY '02	3,028	1,892	846	773	331	1,822	1,332
FY '03	3,059	1,820	751	804	360	1,881	1,470

Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Seventeenth Middlesex Representative District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.

